National Assessment Governing Board

Item Development and Review

Policy Statement

It is the policy of the National Assessment Governing Board to require the highest standards of fairness, accuracy, and technical quality in the design, construction, and final approval of all test questions and assessments developed and administered under the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP). All NAEP test questions or items must be designed and constructed to reflect carefully the assessment objectives approved by the Governing Board. The final assessments shall adhere to the requirements outlined in the following Guiding Principles, Policies, and Procedures for NAEP Item Development and Review.

The Governing Board’s Assessment Development Committee, with assistance from other Governing Board members as needed, shall be responsible for reviewing and approving NAEP test questions at several stages during the development cycle. In so doing, the Guiding Principles, Policies, and Procedures must be adhered to rigorously.

Introduction

The National Assessment of Educational Progress Authorization Act of 2002 (P.L. 107-279) contains a number of important provisions regarding item development and review for NAEP. The legislation requires that:

- “the purpose [of NAEP] is to provide…a fair and accurate measurement of student academic achievement;”
- “[NAEP shall]…use widely accepted professional testing standards, objectively measure academic achievement, knowledge, and skills, and ensure that any academic assessment authorized….be tests that do not evaluate or assess personal or family beliefs and attitudes or publicly disclose personally identifiable information;”
• “[NAEP shall]…only collect information that is directly related to the appraisal of academic achievement, and to the fair and accurate presentation of such information;”
• “the Governing Board shall develop assessment objectives consistent with the requirements of this section and test specifications that produce an assessment that is valid and reliable, and are based on relevant widely accepted professional standards;”
• “the Governing Board shall have final authority on the appropriateness of all assessment items;”
• “the Governing Board shall take steps to ensure that all items selected for use in NAEP are free from racial, cultural, gender, or regional bias and are secular, neutral, and non-ideological;” and
• “the Governing Board shall develop a process for review of the assessment which includes the active participation of teachers, curriculum specialists, local school administrators, parents, and concerned members of the public.”

Given the importance of these mandates, it is incumbent upon the Governing Board to ensure that the highest standards of test fairness and technical quality are employed in the design, construction, and final approval of all test questions for NAEP. The validity of educational inferences made using NAEP data could be seriously impaired without high standards and rigorous procedures for test item development, review, and selection.

Test questions used in the NAEP must yield assessment data that are both valid and reliable in order to be appropriate. Consequently, technical acceptability is a necessary, but not a sufficient condition, for judging the appropriateness of items. In addition, the process for item development must be thorough and accurate, with sufficient reviews and checkpoints to ensure that accuracy. The Guiding Principles, Policies, and Procedures governing item development, if fully implemented throughout the development cycle, will result in items that are fair and of the highest technical quality, and which will yield valid and reliable assessment data.

Each of the following Guiding Principles is accompanied by Policies and Procedures. Full implementation of this policy will require supporting documentation from the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) regarding all aspects of the Policies and Procedures for which they are responsible.

This policy complies with the documents listed below which express widely accepted technical and professional standards for item development and use. These standards reflect the current agreement of recognized experts in the field, as well as the policy positions of major professional and technical associations concerned with educational testing.


Guiding Principles – Item Development and Review

Principle 1
NAEP test questions selected for a given content area shall be representative of the content domain to which inferences will be made and shall match the NAEP assessment framework and specifications for a particular assessment.

Principle 2
The achievement level descriptions for basic, proficient, and advanced performance shall be an important consideration in all phases of NAEP development and review.

Principle 3
The Governing Board shall have final authority over all NAEP test questions. This authority includes, but is not limited to, the development of items, establishing the criteria for reviewing items, and the process for review.

Principle 4
The Governing Board shall review all test questions that are to be administered in conjunction with any pilot test, field test, operational assessment, or special study administered as part of NAEP.

Principle 5
NAEP test questions shall be accurate in their presentation and free from error. Scoring criteria shall be accurate, clear, and explicit.

Principle 6
All NAEP test questions shall be free from racial, cultural, gender, or regional bias, and shall be secular, neutral, and non-ideological. NAEP shall not evaluate or assess personal or family beliefs, feelings, and attitudes, nor publicly disclose personally identifiable information.
Policies and Procedures for Guiding Principles

Principle 1

NAEP test questions selected for a given content area shall be representative of the content domain to which inferences will be made and shall match the NAEP assessment framework and specifications for a particular assessment.

Policies and Procedures

1. Under the direction of the Governing Board, the framework for each assessment shall be developed in a manner that defines the content to be assessed, consistent with NAEP’s purpose and the context of a large-scale assessment. The framework development process shall result in a rationale for each NAEP assessment that delineates the scope of the assessment relative to the content domain. The framework shall consist of a statement of purpose, assessment objectives, format requirements, and other guidelines for developing the assessment and items.

2. In addition to the framework, the Governing Board shall develop assessment and item specifications to define the: a) content and process dimensions for the assessment; b) distribution of items across content and process dimensions at each grade level; c) stimulus and response attributes (or what the test question provides to students and the format for answering the item); d) types of scoring procedures; e) test administration conditions; and f) other specifications pertaining to the particular subject area assessment.

3. The Governing Board will forward the framework and specifications to NCES, in accordance with an appropriate timeline, so that NCES may carry out its responsibilities for assessment development and administration.

4. In order to ensure that valid inferences can be made from the assessment, the pool of test questions shall measure the construct as defined in the framework. Demonstrating that the items selected for the assessment are representative of the subject matter to which inferences will be made is a major type of validity evidence needed to establish the appropriateness of items.

5. A second type of validity evidence is needed to ensure that NAEP test items match the specific objectives of a given assessment. The items shall reflect the objectives, and the item pool shall match the percentage distribution for the content and cognitive dimensions at each grade level, as stated in the framework. Minor deviations, if any, from the content domain as defined by the framework shall be explained in supporting materials.

6. Supporting material submitted with the NAEP items shall provide a description of procedures followed by item writers during development of NAEP test questions. This description shall include the expertise, training, and demographic characteristics of the groups. This supporting material must show that all item writing and review groups have
the required expertise and training in the subject matter, bias and fairness reviews, and assessment development.

7. In submitting items for review by the Governing Board, NCES shall provide information on the relationship of the specifications and the content/process elements of the pool of NAEP items. This shall include procedures used in classifying each item.

8. The item types used in an assessment shall match the content requirements as stated in the framework and specifications, to the extent possible. The match between an objective and the item format shall be informed by specifications pertaining to the content, knowledge, or skill to be measured; cognitive complexity; overall appropriateness; and efficiency of the item type. NAEP assessments shall use a variety of item types as best fit the requirements stated in the framework and specifications.

9. In order to ensure consistency between the framework and specifications documents and the item pools, NCES shall ensure that the development contractor engages a minimum of 20 percent of the membership of the framework project committees in each subject area to serve on the item writing and review groups as the NAEP test questions are being developed. This overlap between the framework development committees and the item developers will provide stability throughout the NAEP development process, and ensure that the framework and specifications approved by the Governing Board have been faithfully executed in developing NAEP test questions.

Principle 2

The achievement level descriptions for basic, proficient, and advanced performance shall be an important consideration in all phases of NAEP development and review.

Policies and Procedures

1. During the framework development process, the project committees shall draft preliminary descriptions of the achievement levels for each grade to be assessed. These preliminary descriptions shall define what students should know and be able to do at each grade, in terms of the content and process dimensions of the framework at the basic, proficient, and advanced levels. Subsequent to Governing Board adoption, the final achievement level descriptions shall be an important consideration in all future test item development for a given subject area framework.

2. The achievement level descriptions shall be used to ensure a match between the descriptions and the resulting NAEP items. The achievement level descriptions shall be examined, and appropriate instruction provided to item writers to ensure that the items represent the stated descriptions, while adhering to the content and process requirements of the framework and specifications. The descriptions shall be used to evaluate the test questions to make certain that the pool of questions encompasses the range of content and
process demands specified in the achievement level descriptions, including items within each achievement level interval, and items that scale below basic.

3. As the NAEP item pool is being constructed, additional questions may need to be written for certain content/skill areas if there appear to be any gaps in the pool, relative to the achievement level descriptions.

4. Supporting materials shall show the relationship between the achievement levels descriptions and the pool of NAEP test questions.

**Principle 3**

The Governing Board shall have final authority over all NAEP test questions. This authority includes, but is not limited to, the development of items, establishing the criteria for reviewing items, and the process for review.

**Policies and Procedures**

1. Under the guiding statute, a primary duty of the Governing Board pertains to “All Cognitive and Noncognitive Assessment Items.” Specifically, the statute states that, “The Governing Board shall have final authority on the appropriateness of all assessment items.” Under the law, the Governing Board is therefore responsible for all NAEP test questions as well as all NAEP background questions administered as part of the assessment.

2. To meet this statutory requirement, the Governing Board’s Policy on NAEP Item Development and Review shall be adhered to during all phases of NAEP item writing, reviewing, editing, and assessment construction. The National Center for Education Statistics (NCES), which oversees the operational aspects of NAEP, shall ensure that all internal and external groups involved in NAEP item development activities follow the Guiding Principles, Policies, and Procedures as set forth in this Governing Board policy.

3. Final review of all NAEP test questions for bias and appropriateness shall be performed by the Governing Board, after all other review procedures have been completed, and prior to administration of the items to students.

**Principle 4**

The Governing Board shall review all NAEP test questions that are to be administered in conjunction with any pilot test, field test, operational assessment, or special study administered as part of NAEP.

**Policies and Procedures**

1. To fulfill its statutory responsibility for NAEP item review, the Governing Board shall receive, in a timely manner and with appropriate documentation, all test
questions that will be administered to students under the auspices of NAEP. These items include those slated for pilot testing, field testing, and operational administration.

2. The Governing Board shall review all test items developed for special studies, where the purpose of the special study is to investigate alternate item formats or new technologies for possible future inclusion as part of main NAEP, or as part of a special study to augment main NAEP data collection.

3. The Governing Board shall not review items being administered as part of test development activities, such as small-scale, informal tryouts with limited groups of students designed to refine items prior to large-scale pilot, field, or operational assessment.

4. NCES shall submit NAEP items to the Governing Board for review in accordance with a mutually agreeable timeline. Items shall be accompanied by appropriate documentation as required in this policy. Such information shall consist of procedures and personnel involved in item development and review, the match between the item pool and the framework content and process dimensions, and other related information.

5. For its first review, the Governing Board shall examine all items prior to the special study, pilot test, or field test stage. In the case of the NAEP reading assessment, all reading passages shall be reviewed by the Governing Board prior to item development. For each reading passage, NCES shall provide the source, author, publication date, passage length, rationale for minor editing to the passage (if any), and notation of such editing applied to the original passage. NCES shall provide information and explanatory material on passages deleted in its fairness review procedures.

6. For its second review, the Governing Board shall examine items following pilot or field testing. The items shall be accompanied by statistics obtained during the pilot test or field test stage. These statistics shall be provided in a clear format, with definitions for each item analysis statistic collected. Such statistics shall include, but shall not be limited to: p-values for multiple-choice items, number and percentage of students selecting each option for a multiple-choice item, number and percentage not reaching or omitting the item (for multiple-choice and open-ended), number and percentage of students receiving various score points for open-ended questions, mean score point value for open-ended items, appropriate biserial statistics, and other relevant data.

7. At a third stage, for some assessments, the Governing Board shall receive a report from the calibration field test stage, which occurs prior to the operational administration. This “exceptions report” shall contain information pertaining to any items that were dropped due to differential item functioning (DIF) analysis for bias, other items to be deleted from the operational assessment and the rationale for this decision, and the final match between the framework distribution and the item pool. If the technology becomes available to perform statistically sound item-level substitutions at this point in
the cycle (from the initial field test pool), the Governing Board shall be informed of this process as well.

8. All NAEP test items shall be reviewed by the Governing Board in a secure manner via in-person meetings, teleconference or videoconference settings, or online via a password-protected Internet site. The Governing Board’s Assessment Development Committee shall have primary responsibility for item review and approval. However, the Assessment Development Committee, in consultation with the Governing Board Chair, may involve other Governing Board members in the item review process on an ad hoc basis. The Governing Board may also submit items to external experts, identified by the Governing Board for their subject area expertise, to assist in various duties related to item review. Such experts shall follow strict procedures to maintain item security, including signing a Nondisclosure Agreement.

9. Items that are edited between assessments by NCES and/or its item review committees, for potential use in a subsequent assessment, shall be re-examined by the Governing Board prior to a second round of pilot or field testing.

10. Documentation of the Governing Board’s final written decision on editing and deleting NAEP items shall be provided to NCES within 10 business days following completion of Governing Board review at each stage in the process.

Principle 5
NAEP test questions shall be accurate in their presentation, and free from error. Scoring criteria shall be accurate, clear, and explicit.

Policies and Procedures
1. NCES, through its subject area content experts, trained item writers, and item review panels, shall examine each item carefully to ensure its accuracy. All materials taken from published sources shall be carefully documented by the item writer. Graphics that accompany test items shall be clear, correctly labeled, and include the data source where appropriate. Items shall be clear, grammatically correct, succinct, and unambiguous, using language appropriate to the grade level being assessed. Item writers shall adhere to the specifications document regarding appropriate and inappropriate stimulus materials, terminology, answer choices or distractors, and other requirements for a given subject area. Items shall not contain extraneous or irrelevant information that may differentially distract or disadvantage various subgroups of students from the main task of the item.

2. Scoring criteria shall accompany each constructed-response item. Such criteria shall be clear, accurate, and explicit. Carefully constructed scoring criteria will ensure valid and reliable use of those criteria to evaluate student responses to maximize the accuracy and efficiency of scoring.
3. Constructed-response scoring criteria shall be developed initially by the item writers, refined during item review, and finalized during pilot or field test scoring. During pilot or field test scoring, the scoring guides shall be expanded to include examples of actual student responses to illustrate each score point. Actual student responses shall be used as well, to inform scorers of unacceptable answers.

4. Procedures used to train scorers and to conduct scoring of constructed-response items shall be provided to the Governing Board, along with information regarding the reliability and validity of such scoring. If the technology becomes available to score student responses electronically, the Governing Board shall be informed of the reliability and validity of such scoring protocol, as compared to human scoring.

Principle 6

All NAEP test questions shall be free from racial, cultural, gender, or regional bias, and shall be secular, neutral, and non-ideological. NAEP shall not evaluate or assess personal or family beliefs, feelings, and attitudes, nor publicly disclose personally identifiable information.

Policies and Procedures

1. An item is considered biased if it unfairly disadvantages a particular subgroup of students by requiring knowledge of obscure information unrelated to the construct being assessed. A test question or passage is biased if it contains material derisive or derogatory toward a particular group. For example, a geometry item requiring prior knowledge of the specific dimensions of a basketball court could result in lower scores for students unfamiliar with that sport, even if those students know the geometric concept being measured. Use of a regional term for a soft drink in an item context may provide an unfair advantage to students from that area of the country. Also, an item that refers to any individual or group in a demeaning manner would be unacceptable.

2. In conducting bias reviews, steps shall be taken to rid the item pool of questions that, because of their content or format, either appear biased on their face, or yield biased estimates of performance for certain subpopulations based on gender, race, ethnicity, or regional culture. A statistical finding of differential item functioning (DIF) will result in a review aimed at identifying possible explanations for the finding. However, such an item will not automatically be deleted if it is deemed valid for measuring what was intended, based on the NAEP assessment framework. Items in which clear bias is found will be eliminated. This policy acknowledges that there may be real and substantial differences in performance among subgroups of students. Learning about such differences, so that performance may be improved, is part of the value of the NAEP.

3. Items shall be secular, neutral, and non-ideological. Neither NAEP nor its questions shall advocate a particular religious belief or political stance. Where appropriate, NAEP questions may deal with religious and political issues in a fair and objective way.
The following definitions shall apply to the review of all NAEP test questions, reading passages, and supplementary materials used in the assessment of various subject areas:

- **Secular** – NAEP questions shall not contain language that advocates or opposes any particular religious views or beliefs, nor shall items compare one religion unfavorably to another. However, items may contain references to religions, religious symbolism, or members of religious groups where appropriate.

  Examples: The following phrases would be acceptable: “shaped like a Christmas tree,” “religious tolerance is one of the key aspects of a free society,” “Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. was a Baptist minister,” or “Hinduism is the predominant religion in India.”

- **Neutral and Non-ideological** - Items shall not advocate for a particular political party or partisan issue, for any specific legislative or electoral result, or for a single perspective on a controversial issue. An item may ask students to explain both sides of a debate, or it may ask them to analyze an issue, or to explain the arguments of proponents or opponents, without requiring students to endorse personally the position they are describing. Item writers should have the flexibility to develop questions that measure important knowledge and skills without requiring both pro and con responses to every item.

  Examples: Students may be asked to—

  - compare and contrast positions on states’ rights, based on excerpts from speeches by X and Y;
  - analyze the themes of Franklin D. Roosevelt’s first and second inaugural addresses;
  - identify the purpose of the Monroe Doctrine;
  - select a position on the issue of suburban growth and cite evidence to support this position;
  - provide arguments either for or against Woodrow Wilson’s decision to enter World War I;
  - summarize the dissenting opinion in a landmark Supreme Court case.

The criteria of neutral and non-ideological also pertain to decisions about the pool of test questions in a subject area, taken as a whole. The Governing Board shall review the entire item pool for a subject area to ensure that it is balanced in terms of the perspectives and issues presented.

4. The Governing Board shall review both stimulus materials and test items to ensure adherence to the NAEP statute and the policies in this statement. Stimulus materials include reading passages, articles, documents, graphs, maps, photographs, quotations, and all other information provided to students in a NAEP test question.
5. NAEP questions shall not ask a student to reveal personal or family beliefs, feelings, or attitudes, or publicly disclose personally identifiable information.